

**UCL**



**Acceptance Testing Tools -  
A different perspective on  
managing requirements**

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**Learning Objectives**

- Introduce the V-Model of quality assurance
- Stress the importance of testing in terms of software engineering economics
- Understand that acceptance tests are requirements specifications
- Introduce acceptance and integration testing tools for Test Driven Development
- Appreciate that automated acceptance tests are executable requirements specifications

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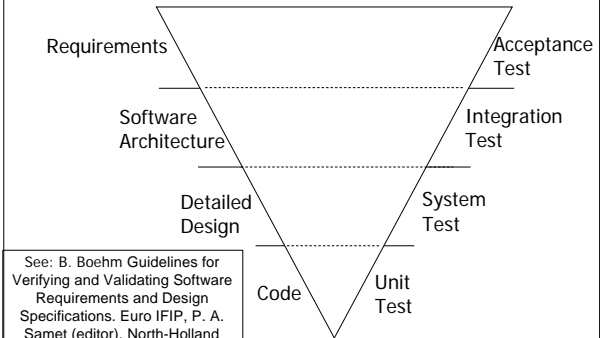
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**V-Model in Distributed System Development**



See: B. Boehm Guidelines for Verifying and Validating Software Requirements and Design Specifications. Euro IFIP, P. A. Samet (editor), North-Holland Publishing Company, IFIP, 1979.

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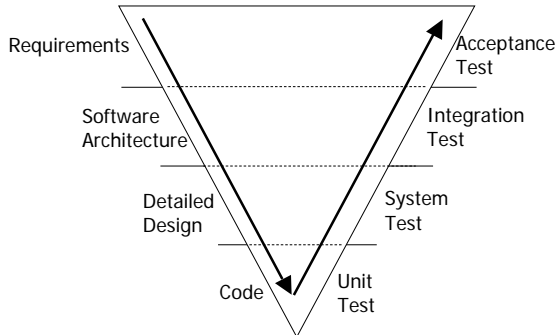
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**Traditional Software Development**



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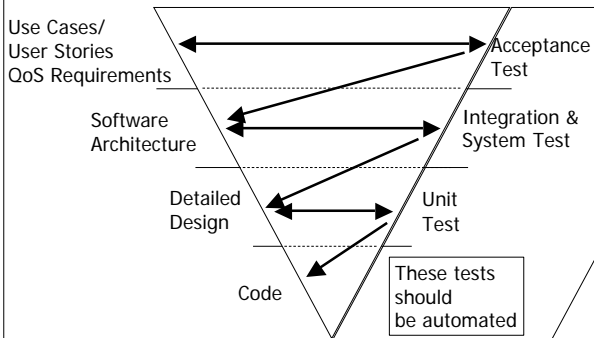
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**Test Driven Development of Distributed Systems**



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**Advantages of Test Driven Development**

- Early definition of acceptance tests reveals incomplete requirements
- Early formalization of requirements into automated acceptance tests unearths ambiguities
- Flaws in distributed software architectures (there often are many!) are discovered early
- Unit tests become precise specifications
- Early resolution improves productivity (see next slide)

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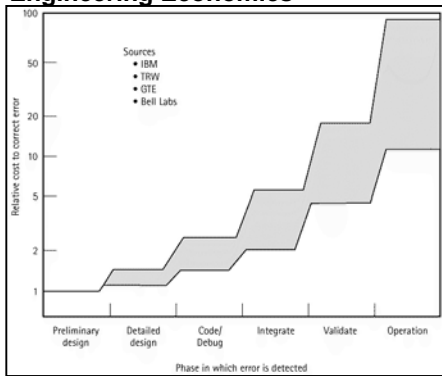
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## Software Engineering Economics

See: B. Boehm: Software Engineering Economics. Prentice Hall. 1981



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## An Example

Consider an on-line car dealership

User Story:

- I first select a locale to determine the language shown at the user interface. I then select the SUV I want to buy. The system would allow me to customize it but I am happy with the base version. The dealership shows me the configuration and I confirm. I then enter my address and credit card details and the system confirms that the car will be shipped soon.

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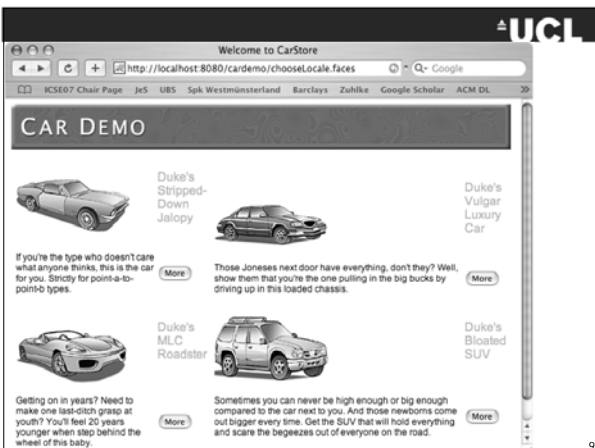
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### Acceptance Testing the Car Dealer Web Site

- Translate each user story into a number of acceptance tests
- Cover both main flow of events and alternative flows
- Automate all acceptance tests, otherwise
  - you can't be agile!
  - it's too expensive
  - you'll get bored with manual testing
  - you might not detect defects that are re-introduced after they have been fixed
  - you might not be aware that a fix has broken other parts of the system
- Run automated acceptance tests whenever new candidate release is to be deployed.
- If you find a defect in a deployed system write a new test case that catches the defect before fixing it.

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### Test Automation Tools

- Automating tests is hard
- Fortunately it can be simplified by test automation tools
- There are numerous commercial tools and a few open source tools available developed by the agile development community
- Of these we discuss Fit/FitNesse  
<http://www.fitnesses.org> in more detail.

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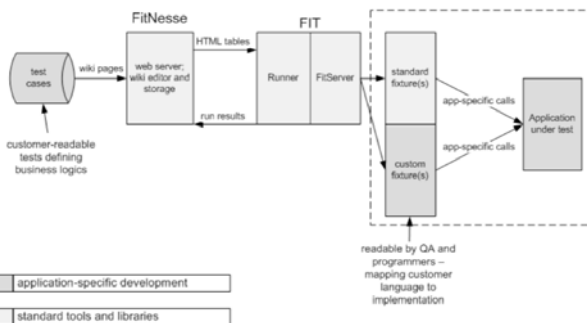
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### Automated Acceptance Tests with FIT/FitNesse




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### Building testable distributed systems

- Automated tests are distributed systems, too.
- Need "interfaces" for your fixtures in the system under test
- Example:

```

public boolean setLocaleTo(String to){
    WebForm localeForm;
    WebRequest setLocaleRequest;
    carDealer=new WebConversation();
    carDealerURL=new GetMethodWebRequest(
    try {
        HttpUnitOptions.setExceptionsThro
        carDealerResponse=carDealer.getResponse(carDealerURL);
        localeForm=carDealerResponse.getFormWithID("LocaleButtons");
        SubmitButton lang = localeForm.getSubmitButton("LocaleButtons:"+to);
        setLocaleRequest=localeForm.getRequest(lang);
        carDealerResponse=carDealer.getResponse(setLocaleRequest);
    } catch (Exception e){e.printStackTrace(); return false;}
    return true;
}
    <!-- chooseLocale.jsp -->
    <h:form id="LocaleButtons"> ...
    <h:panelGrid id="buttons" columns="4"
        summary="#{bundle.chooseLocale}"
        title="#{bundle.chooseLocale}">
    <h:commandButton id="NAmerica"
        action="storeFront"
        value="#{bundle.english}" ...>
    </h:commandButton> ...
    </h:form>
    
```

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### User Story revisited

- Acceptance tests lead to better understanding of user story.
- Keep user story updated and stored alongside tests
- Example:

Before:

I first select a locale to determine the language shown at the user interface. I then select the SUV I want to buy. The system would allow me to customize it but I am happy with the base version. The dealership shows me the configuration and I confirm. I then enter my address and credit card details and the system confirms that the car will be shipped soon.

After:

From the choice of supported locales (NAmerica, SAmerica, France and Germany) I choose NAmerica. I then select that I want to buy the SUV. The system would allow me to customize it but I am happy with the base version. The dealership shows me the configuration and I confirm. I then enter my address and credit card details and the system confirms that the car will be shipped soon.

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### But ...

- How can you write the tests without having the distributed system yet?
- Solutions:
  - In Agile development most often you have parts of the distributed system already
  - You also often already have the middleware
  - Green-field developments are rare and you already have existing components
  - Use Mock components and objects for the really new stuff.
  - Build Mock user interfaces (relatively fast using JSFs) - this also helps in eliciting new requirements

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**Key Points**

- Test driven development develops tests before the entity under test is developed.
- The paradigm is applicable to acceptance, integration, system and unit tests.
- Acceptance testing is requirements engineering
- Acceptance testing exercises the boundary of the system
- Automated acceptance tests are executable specifications
- Agile development is not possible without automated testing

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