

A Comparison of Voxel Compression Mapping & Longitudinal Voxel-Based Morphometry

Ged Ridgway¹, Rachael Scahill², Derek Hill¹, Nick Fox²

¹ Centre for Medical Image Computing, University College London

² Dementia Research Centre, Institute of Neurology, UCL, UK



Smoothness & Modulation



Supplementary material, including references:
www.cs.ucl.ac.uk/staff/gridgway/ohbm07/
Email: **Gerard.Ridgway@ucl.ac.uk**

- Modulating for inter-subject volume changes in longitudinal VBM/VCM is optional
 - Intra-subject changes over time are the focus
- There appears to be no agreement in the literature regarding its use
 - Chetelat et al. do not [5]
 - Kipps et al. (includes John Ashburner) do [8]

- VCM gives smoother results than the other techniques, as it uses just the deformations
 - The segmentations are rougher, which leads to rougher residuals from the fitted model
- VCM with intersubject modulation is more like an analysis of just the intersubject warps, since these swamp the longitudinal changes
 - The intersubject deformations are much smoother than the longitudinal warps due to the models used
 - Lower dimensional DCT basis, $\sim 10^3$ Degrees of Freedom
 - High-dimensional, 3 DF for each of $\sim 10^6$ voxels

- The smoothness of standard VBM (ISN) results is affected by the use of modulation, but this seems not to be the case for longitudinal VBM
- Smoothness relates to the residuals from the fitted linear model; it may be that Modulated ISN is in some way better modelled than Unmodulated ISN
 - Arguably the converse would be expected
 - Unmodulated ISN could theoretically remove all scan differences
 - Perhaps for TSN and AVG the model is less affected
 - Further investigation is required...
- The following slide gives tables of the average of the x-, y- and z-axis FWHM smoothness (mm)

Smoothness & Modulation

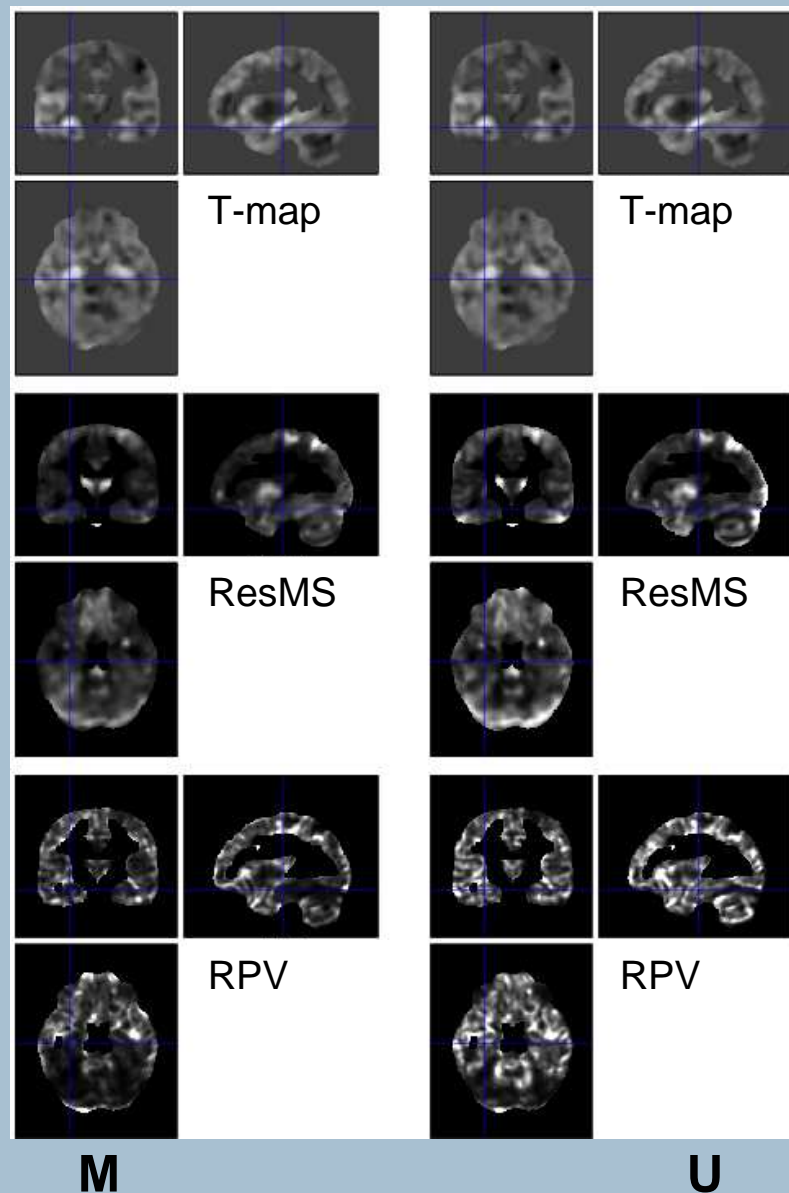


Method Results	VCM	ISN	TSN	AVG
6 months M	46.83	11.06	10.20	10.59
6 months U	12.15	10.21	10.27	10.57
12 months M	46.44	11.05	10.34	10.56
12 months U	11.88	10.18	10.26	10.55

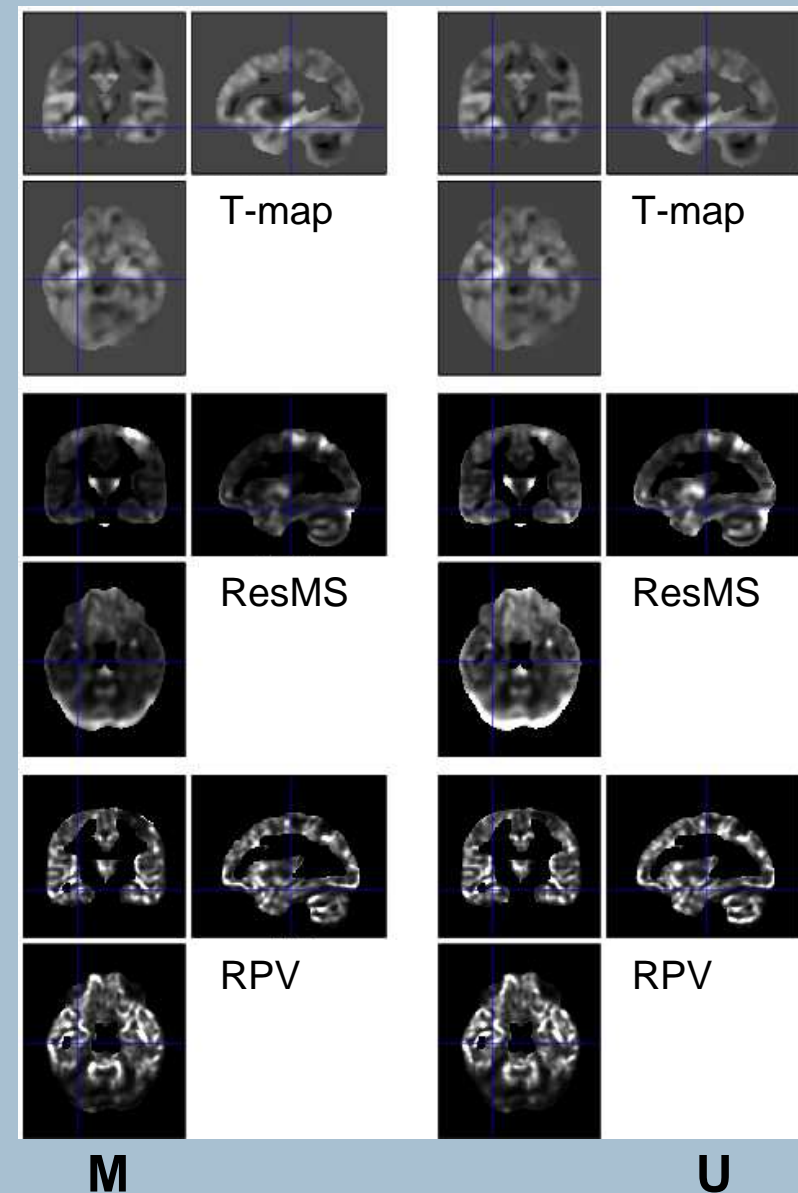
(Applied smoothing was 8mm FWHM)

- The following slide shows results at 12 months, comparing modulated and unmodulated, ISN and TSN, in terms of:
 - T-value images
 - ResMS: the mean squared residuals
 - Summarising the set of residuals, from which smoothness is derived
 - RPV: the Resels Per Voxel image
 - A local measure of roughness
 - Cf. FWHM – a global summary of smoothness
- All slices are at $(-30, -20, -20)$ mm MNI
- Intensity display ranges are equal within image types

Smoothness & Modulation



Standard ISN VBM



Longitudinal TSN VBM